being implemented for the people living below the poverty line. The Government has also constituted a National Commission for the Enterprises in the Unorganised Sector to examine the problems facing enterprises in the unorganised/informal sector. The terms of reference of the Comission, *inter-alia,* include review of the status of unorganised/informal sector in India including the nature of enterprises, magnitude of employment; identifying constraints faced by small enterprises and review of the social security system available for labour in the informal sector, and make recommendations for expanding their coverage. Recently the Government has enacted National Rural Employment Guarantee Act which provides of 100 days of guaranteed wage employment in every financial year to every household whose adult members volunteer to do unskilled manual work. The Government also propose to enact a comprehensive legislation to provide social security and welfare measures to the workers in the unorganized sector.

Insurance scheme for agricultural labourers

1730. SHRI T.T.V. DHINAKARAN: Will the Minister of LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the insurance scheme for agricultural labourers was extended only to 50 districts in the country;

(b) if so, the details thereof district-wise and State-wise;

(c) whether this scheme has been closed now; and

(d) if so, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT (SHRI K. CHANDRA SEKHAR RAO): (a) Yes, Sir. The Government launched the Krishi Shramik Samajik Suraksha Yojana -2001 on pilot basis through Life Insurance Corporation of India in 50 districts of the country.

(b) A Statement is enclosed. (*See* below)

(c) and (d) Due to financial constraints, the scheme has since been closed.

Statement

List of districts and agricultural workers covered under Krishi Shramik Samajik Suraksha Yojana, 2001 (As per the latest Statement submitted by LIC).

Sl. No.	States/U.Ts.	No. of District selected	Name of the District	No. of workers covered
1	2	3	4	5
1.	Andhra Pradesh	4	Guntur	-
			East Godavari	13370
			West Godavari	9004
			Krishna	103
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	1	East Siang	120
3.	Assam	1	Nagaon	5114
4.	Bihar	3	Madhepura	110
			Gaya	1969
			Saharsa	2130
5.	Chhattisgarh	2	Raipur	6623
			Bilaspur	5436
6.	Gujarat	2	Kheda	7069
			Surat	8288
7.	Haryana	1	Hissar	-
8.	Himachal Pradesh	1	Kangara	-
9.	Jammu & Kashmir	1	Jammu	2499
10.	Jharkhand	2	Palamau	700
			Singhbhum West	2021
11.	Karnataka	2	Dharwad	700
			Raichur	181
12.	Kerala	1	Palakkad	11120
13.	Madhya Pradesh	3	West Nimar	6843
			Ujjain	13978
14.	Maharashtra	4	Jalgaon	12590
			Yavatmal	1829
			Solapur	20000
			Dhule	1160

1	2	3	4	5
15.	Manipur	1	Imphal	-
16.	Meghalaya	1	East Khasi Hills	600
17.	Nagaland	1	Kohima	185
18.	Orissa	2	Koraput	9584
			Samabalpur	13371
19.	Punjab	1	Amritsar	1699
20.	Rajasthan	2	Sriganganagar	5033
			Udaipur	13693
21.	Sikkim	1	East Sikkim	4314
22.	Tamil Nadu	4	Cuddalore	9579
			Thanjavur	3252
			Trichirappalli	3092
			Madurai	12696
23.	Tripura	1	West Tripura	26838
24.	Uttar Pradesh	2	Allahabad	6311
			Badaun	1249
25.	Uttaranchal	2	Nainital	1073
			Dehradun	145
26.	West Bengal	2	Madinipur	802
			Bardhawan	571
27.	Goa	1	North Goa	284
28.	Mizoram	1	Aizwal	-
	TOTAL:	50		2,53,168

Private employment/placement agencies

1731. SHRI PRASANTA CHATTERJEE: Will the Minister of LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that number of private employment agencies are in operation as placements agencies;

(b) whether Government have any control over them; and